## Senate Bill No. 106

(By Senator Carmichael)

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[Introduced January 14, 2015; referred to the Committee on Government Organization; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §16-13-18 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to supervision of works by a sanitary board; and providing that if a professional engineer is under contract for a project, an engineer is not required to serve on the sanitary board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-13-18 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. SEWAGE WORKS AND STORMWATER WORKS.

§16-13-18. Supervision of works by sanitary board; organization of board; qualifications, terms and compensation of members.

- 1 (a) The governing body shall provide by ordinance the
- 2 organization of the board, and that the custody,
- 3 administration, operation and maintenance of such works
- 4 shall be are under the supervision and control of a sanitary
- 5 board, created as herein provided under this section.
- 6 (b) Such The sanitary board shall be composed of either
- 7 the mayor of the municipality, or the city manager thereof, if
- 8 said the municipality shall have has a city manager form of
- 9 government, and two persons appointed by the governing
- 10 body: Provided, That, in the event of an acquisition or
- 11 merger of an existing works, the governing body may
- 12 increase the membership to a maximum of four members in
- 13 addition to the mayor or city manager of the municipality
- 14 served by the board.
- 15 (c) During the construction period, one of the members
- 16 must be a registered professional engineer, except that if a
- 17 registered professional engineer is under contract for the
- 18 project, the membership of the board is not required to
- 19 include a registered professional engineer. The engineer

20 member of the board need not be a resident of said the 21 municipality. After the construction of the plant for which 22 no registered professional engineer is under contract has 23 been completed, the engineer member may be succeeded by a person not an engineer. No officer or employee of the 24 25 municipality, whether holding a paid or unpaid office, shall 26 be is eligible to for appointment on said to the sanitary board 27 until at least one year after the expiration of the term of his or her public office. The appointees shall originally be 28 29 appointed for terms of two and three years respectively, and 30 upon the expiration of each term and each succeeding term, 31 an appointment of a successor shall be made in like manner 32 for a term of three years. Vacancies shall be filled for an unexpired term in the same manner as the original 33 appointment. Each member shall give such bond, if any, as 34 35 may be required by ordinance. The mayor or city manager 36 shall act as chairman of the sanitary board, which shall elect 37 a vice chairman from its members and shall designate a 38 secretary and treasurer (but the secretary and the treasurer

- 39 may be one and the same) who need not be a member or 40 members of the sanitary board. The vice chairman,
- 41 secretary and treasurer shall hold office as such at the will of
- 42 the sanitary board.
- 43 (d) The members of the sanitary board shall are entitled to receive compensation for their services, either as a salary 44 45 or as payments for meetings attended, as the governing body 46 may determine determines, and shall be are entitled to payment for their reasonable expenses incurred in the 47 48 performance of their duties. The governing body shall fix 49 the reasonable compensation of the secretary and treasurer 50 in its discretion, and shall fix the amounts of bond to be 51 given by the treasurer. All compensation, together with the 52 expenses previously referred to in this section referred to, 53 shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority 54 of this article. The sanitary board shall have power to may 55 establish bylaws, rules and regulations for its own 56 government governance.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide that a sanitary board is not required to have a registered professional engineer serving on the board if the board is supervising construction of a project for which a registered professional engineer is under contract.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)